

# PET-CT in Peripheral T-cell Lymphoma: To Be or Not To Be

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## *So What is the Question(s)?*

- What is the role for PET-CT in staging of PTCL?
- What is the role of PET-CT in response assessment of PTCL?
- What is the role for interim PET-CT in PTCL?
- What are the new directions for PET-CT in PTCL management?

Histology (patient numbers)	% FDG-avid
Hodgkin lymphoma (489)	97 - 100
Diffuse Large B cell lymphoma (446)	97 - 100
Follicular lymphoma (622)	91 - 100
Mantle cell (83) Burkitt (24) MZL nodal (14) LL (6)	100
Anaplastic large T-cell lymphoma (37)	94 -100 (27% of cutaneous sites)
Natural killer/T-cell lymphoma (80)	83 - 100
Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma (31)	78 - 100
Peripheral T-cell lymphoma (93)	86 - 98
MALT (227)	54 - 81
Small lymphocytic lymphoma (49)	47 - 83
Enteropathy type T-cell lymphoma (20)	67 - 100
MZL, splenic (13), unspecified (12)	53 - 67
Mycosis fungoides ( 24) and Sezary (8)	83 -100 (62% of cutaneous sites)
1° cutaneous anaplastic large T-cell (14)	40-60

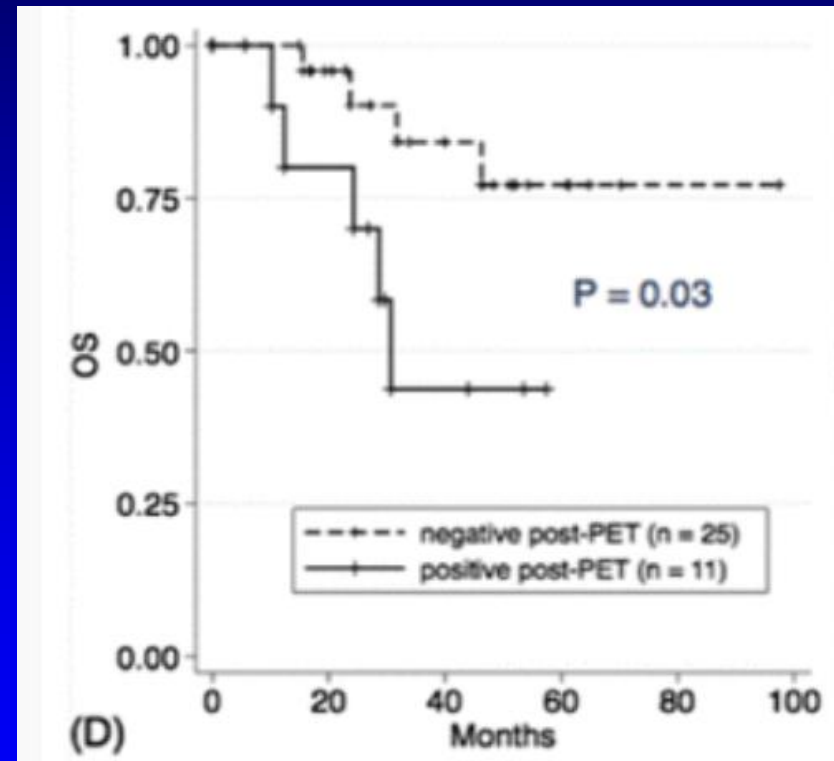
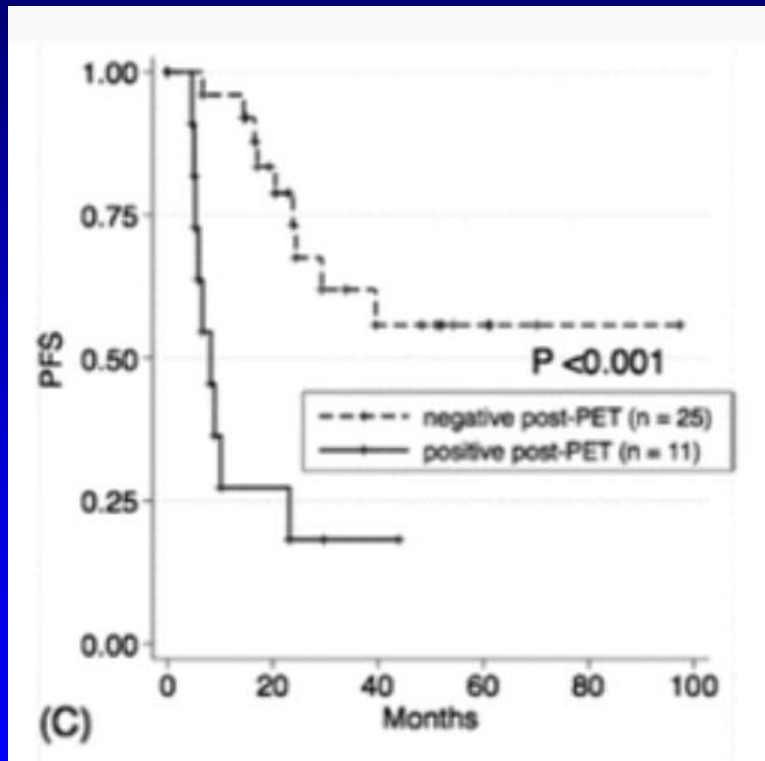
# PET in Staging of PTCL

- Retrospective analysis
- 95 pts - PET-CT at initial/relapse staging
- Histologies –
  - NOS – 35
  - AITL – 17
  - ALCL +/- - 11/12
  - ATLL – 7
  - NK/T – 10
  - EATL - 3

# PET in PTCL: Staging

- Pretreatment PET + in 96%
  - PET identified additional sites of disease in 50%
  - Stage changed in only 5.2%
  - PET did not alter treatment plans
- Interim PET after median of 4 cycles
- 29 pts consolidated with BMT or ASCT

# Prognosis BY PostTx PET-CT

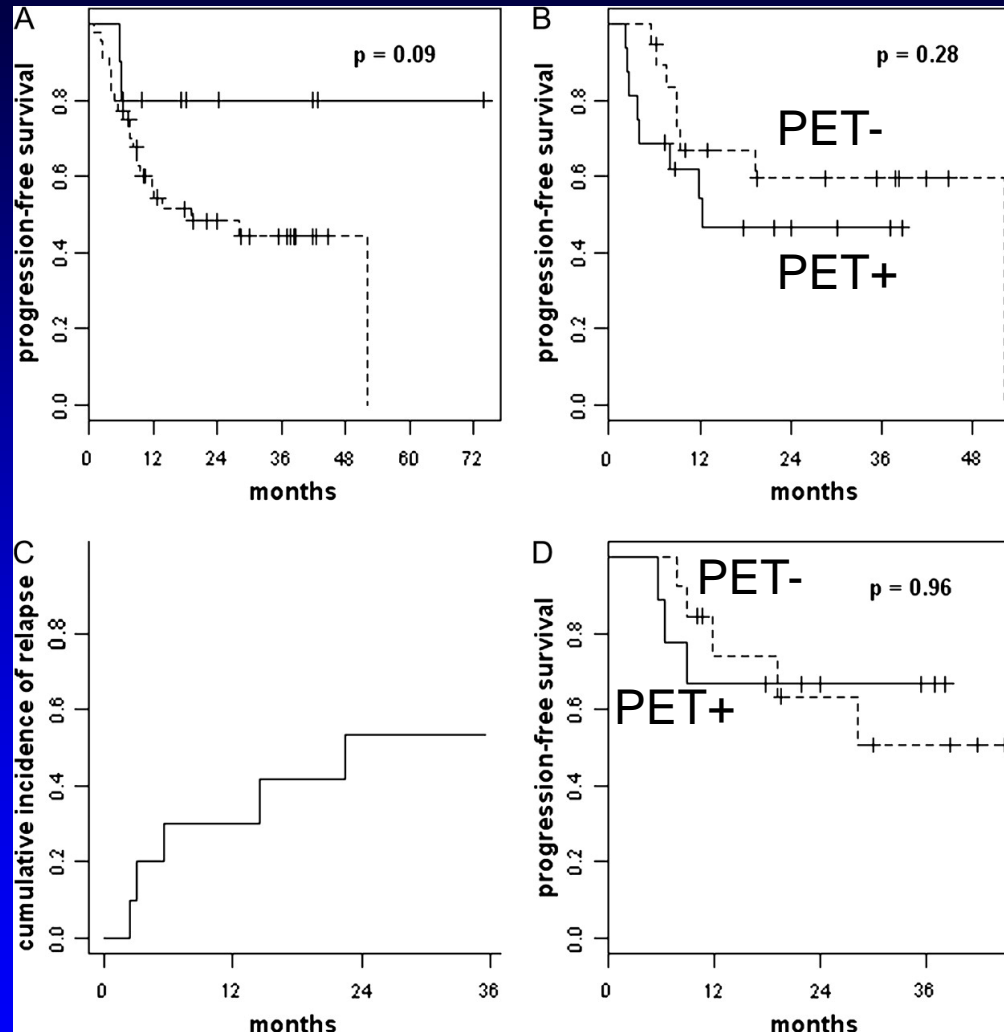


# PET in Mature T/NK NHL (n=54)

- Initial PET positive in 54/54 pts
- Interim PET negative in 25/44 pts
- Posttreatment 19/31 negative (CR)
- ALK+ ALCL - 4 yr PFS 80%, NPV 83%
- ALK- T/NK – 4 yr PFS 59% for negative interim scan vs 46% with positive scan (NS)
- 4 yr PFS for neg posttreatment scan 51% vs 67% for positive scan (NS)
- 4 yr incidence of relapse 53% with neg scan in ALK-T/NK

# Outcome of patients with T/NK

ALK+ vs -



Interim PET  
ALK negatives

PET- Post Tx

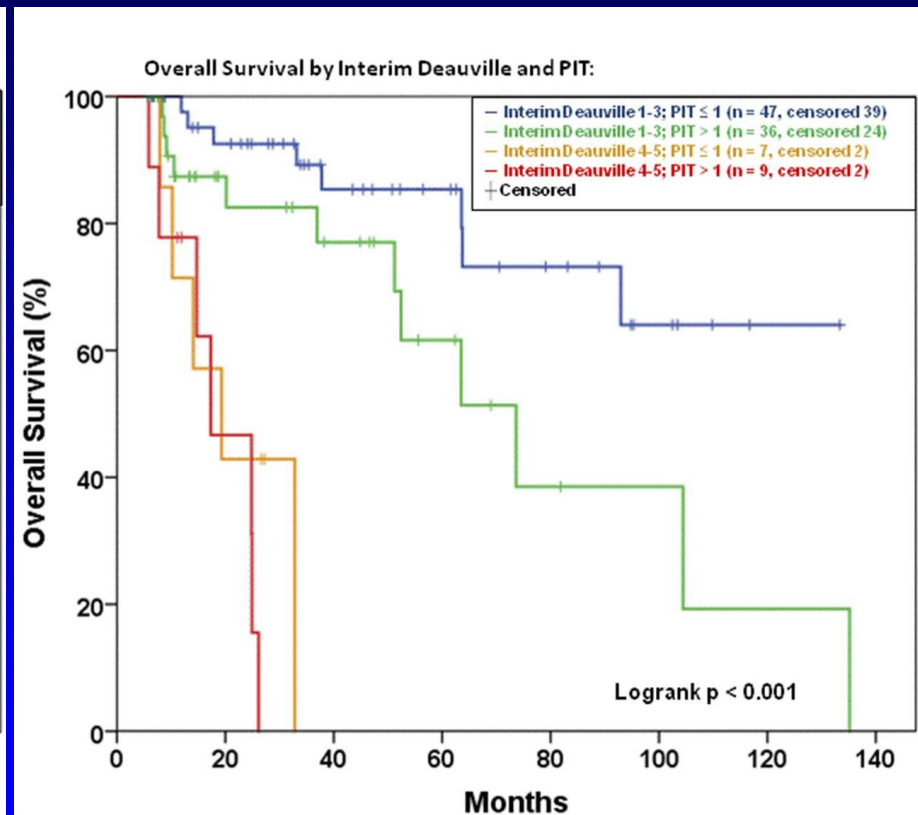
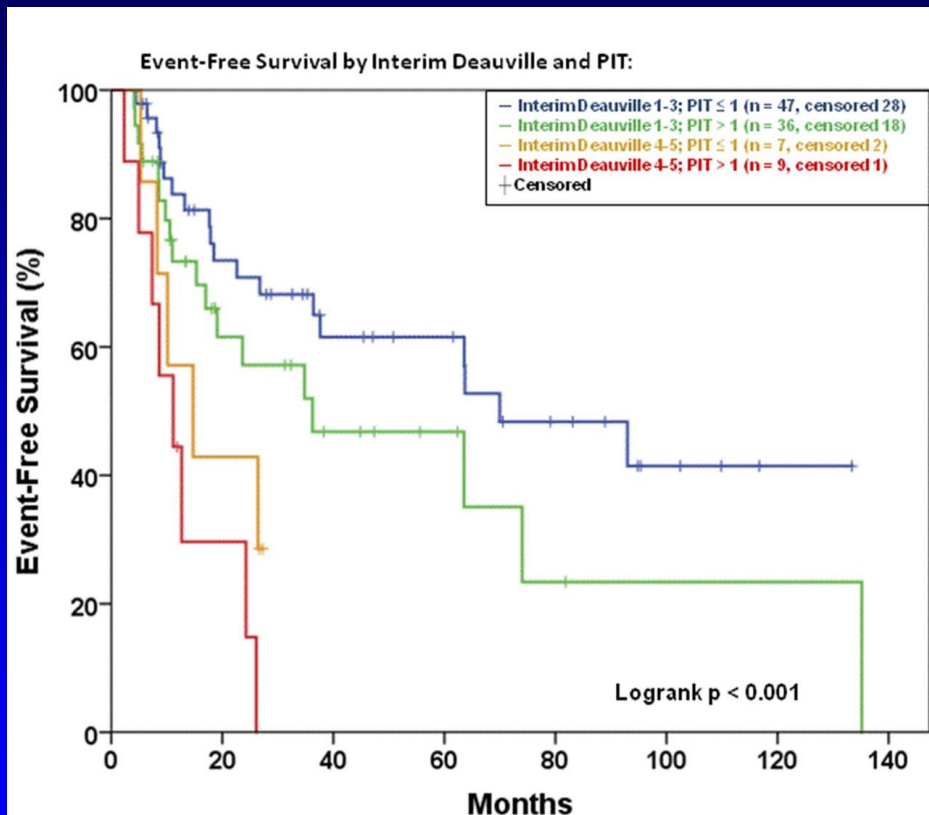
PostTx PET  
ALK negatives



# Interim PET in PTCL Using DS

- Retrospective analysis of PTCL treated with CHOP/CHOP-like
- 112 pts in data base: NOS (40), AITL (49), ALK- ALCL (23)
- 99 had interim PET, 90 post cycle 6
- Better predictor compared with PIT score

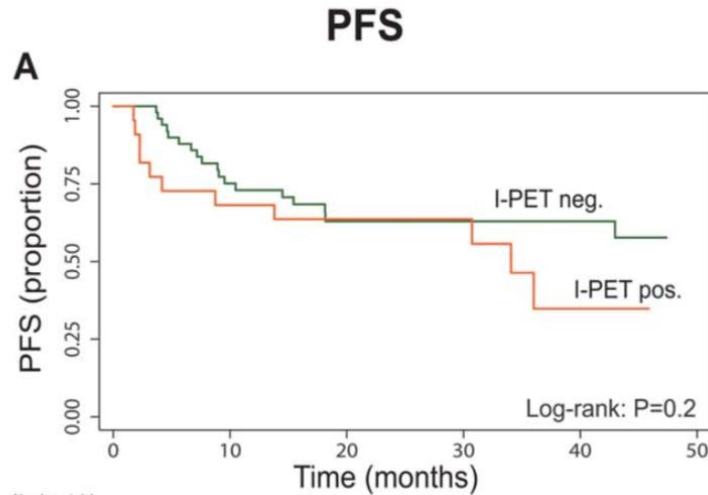
# Outcome of PTCL by DS and PIT



# Interim PET in PTCL

Report	Pts	PFS: I-PET- vs I-PET+	OS: I-PET- vs I-PET+
Cahu ('11)	54	69% vs 49% (p=.10 @ 4 y)	76% vs 47% (p=.16 @ 4y)
Casulo ('13)	50	63% vs 25% (p=.03 @ 3 y)	65% vs 48% (p=.17 @ 3y)
Li ('13)	88	72% vs 21% (p<.001 @ 2 y)	80% vs 47% (p=.02 @ 2y)
Pellegrini ('14)	34	73% vs 17% (p=.02 @ 3 y)	79% vs 21% (p=.02 @ 3 y)

# Interim PET Using 5-PS (n=124)



Number at risk

I-PET neg.

I-PET pos.

50

35

22

16

12

7

22

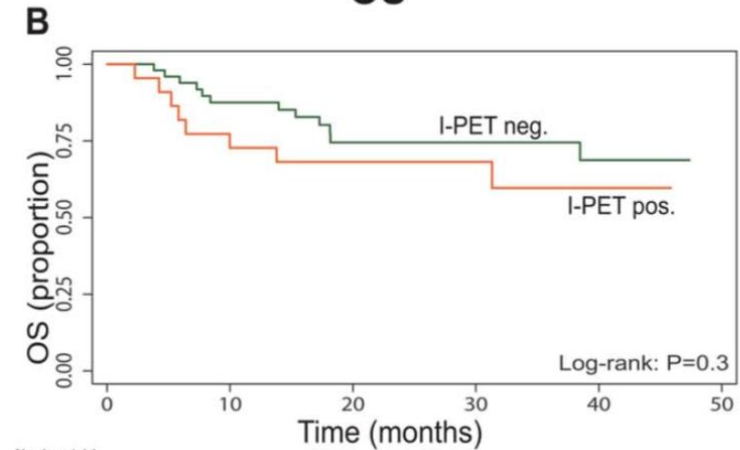
15

9

8

2

1



Number at risk

I-PET neg.

I-PET pos.

50

40

25

17

12

7

22

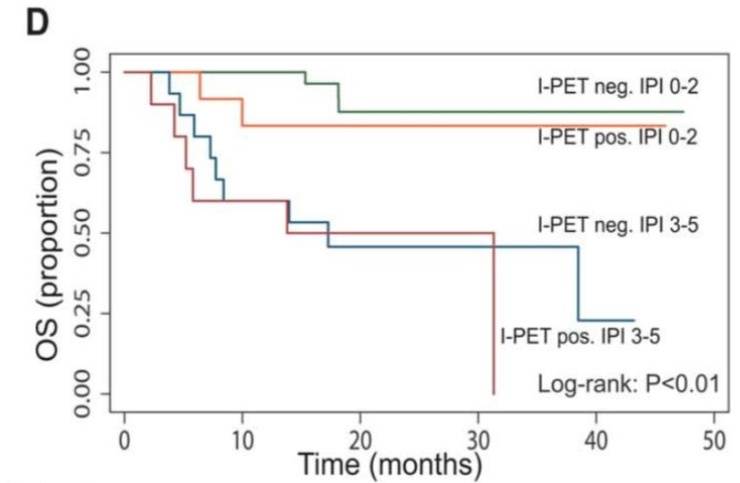
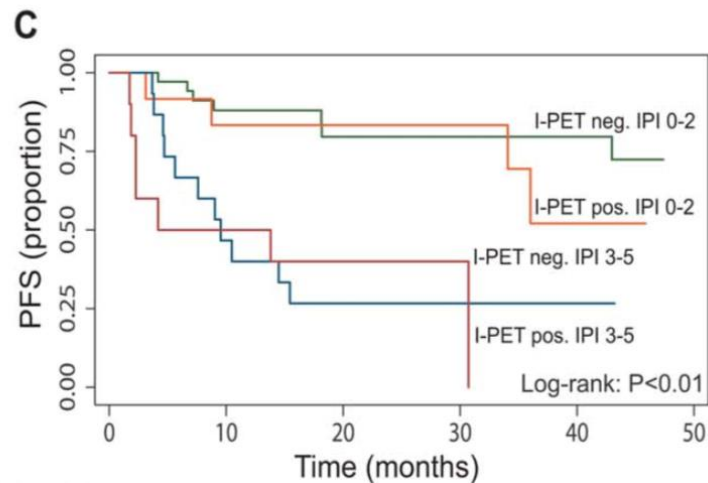
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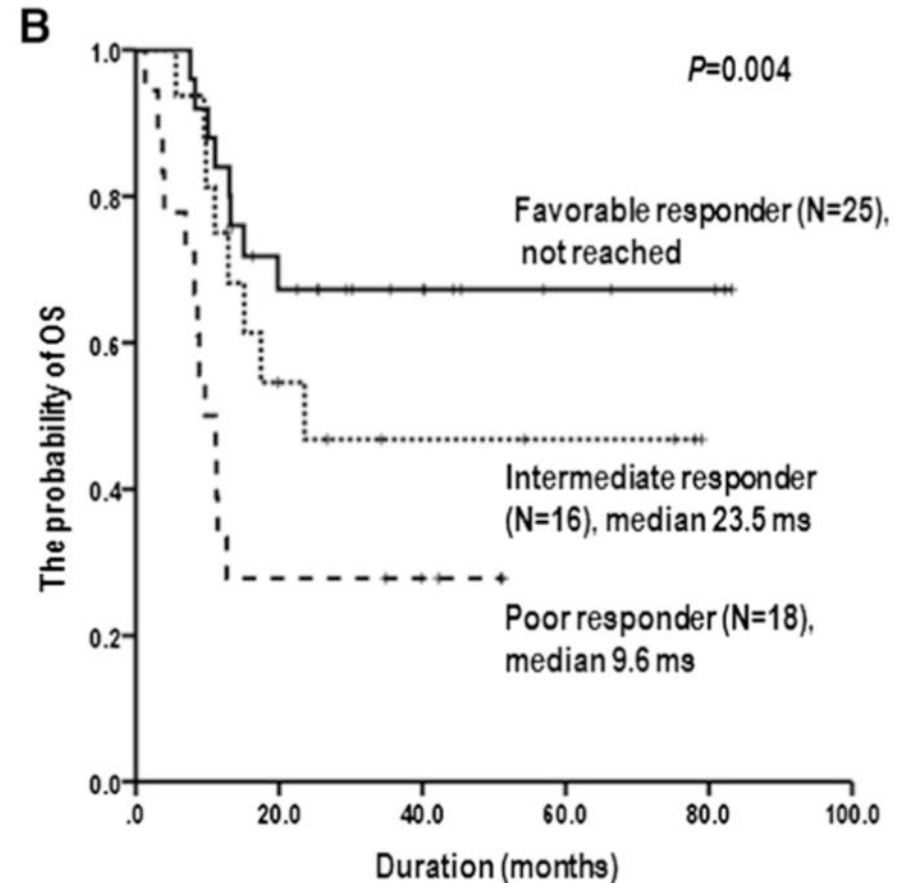
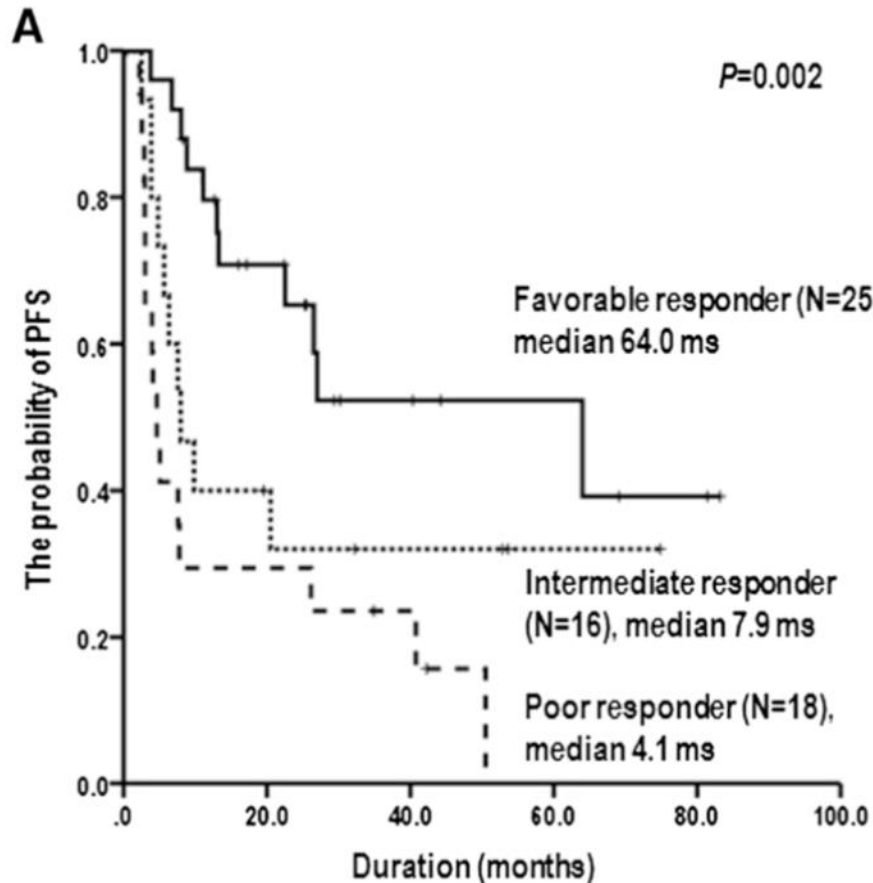
8

4

2



# Prognostic Significance of Interim PET-CT Based on Visual, $\Delta$ SUV, $\Delta$ MTV\*



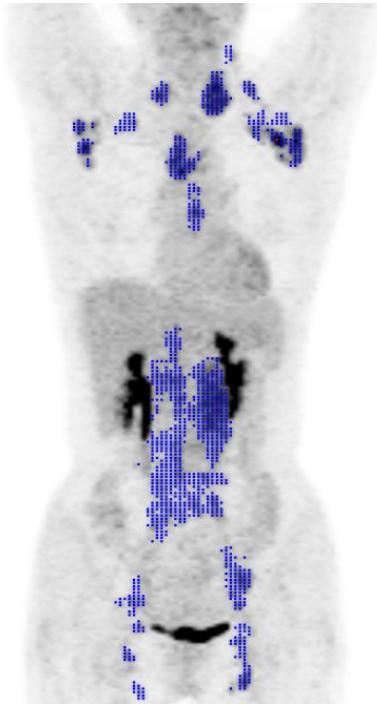
\* Favorable – 0; intermediate – 1,2; poor - 3

# Baseline TMTV in PTCL

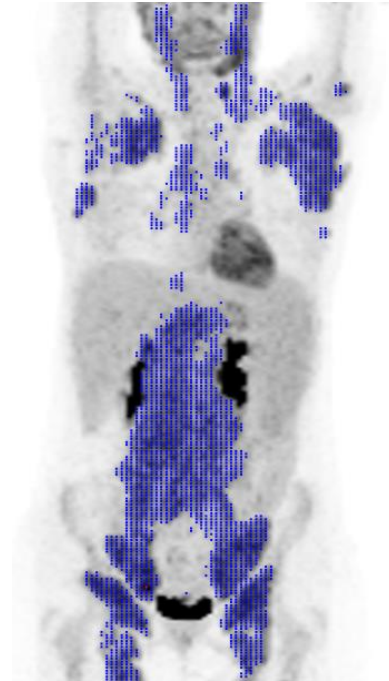
- Retrospective analysis of 108 PTCL pts
  - 27 NOS
  - 43 AILT
  - 38 ALCL
- All received anthracycline-based tx
- TMTV<sub>0</sub> – 41% SUV based threshold
- MVA – only TMTV predicted PFS/OS
- Better when combined with PIT

# Examples of TMTV

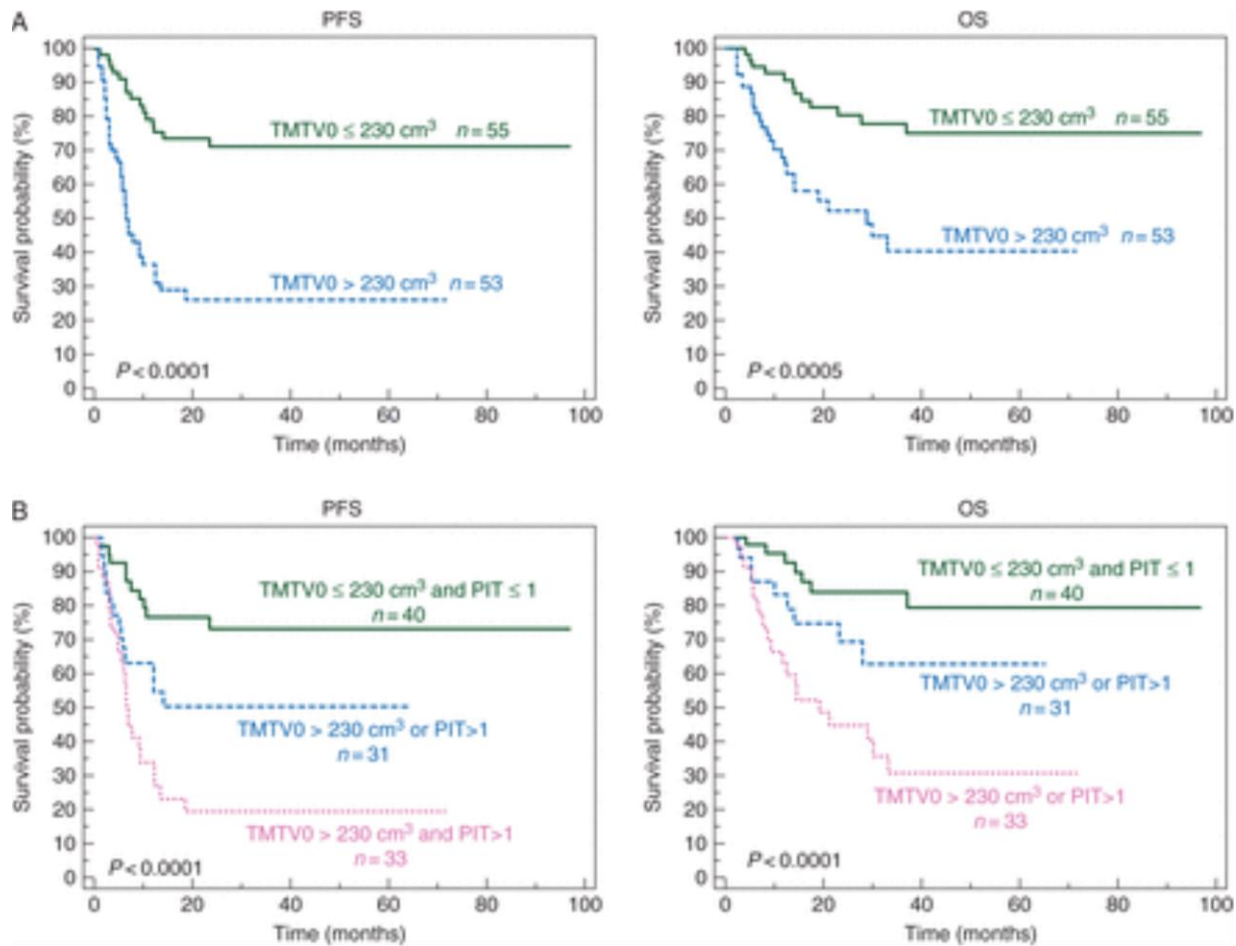
TMTV  $\leq 510\text{cm}^3$



TMTV  $> 510\text{cm}^3$



Cut off:  $510\text{cm}^3$



Prognostic value of baseline total metabolic tumor volume (TMTV0) measured on FDG-PET/CT in patients with peripheral T-cell lymphoma (PTCL)<sup>†</sup>

Cottreau et al, Ann Oncol. 2016;27(4):719-724. doi:10.1093/annonc/mdw011

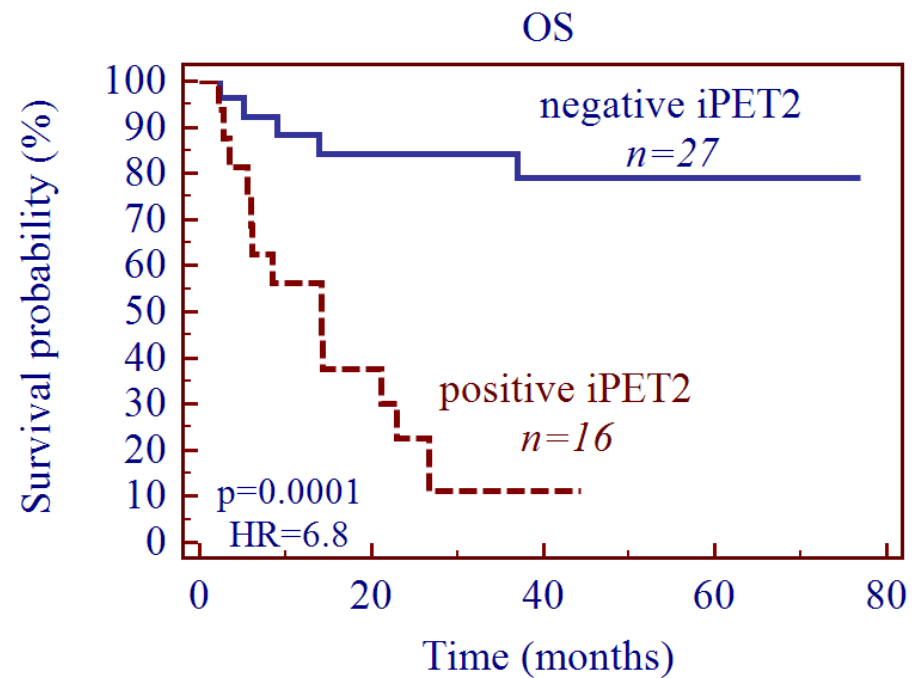
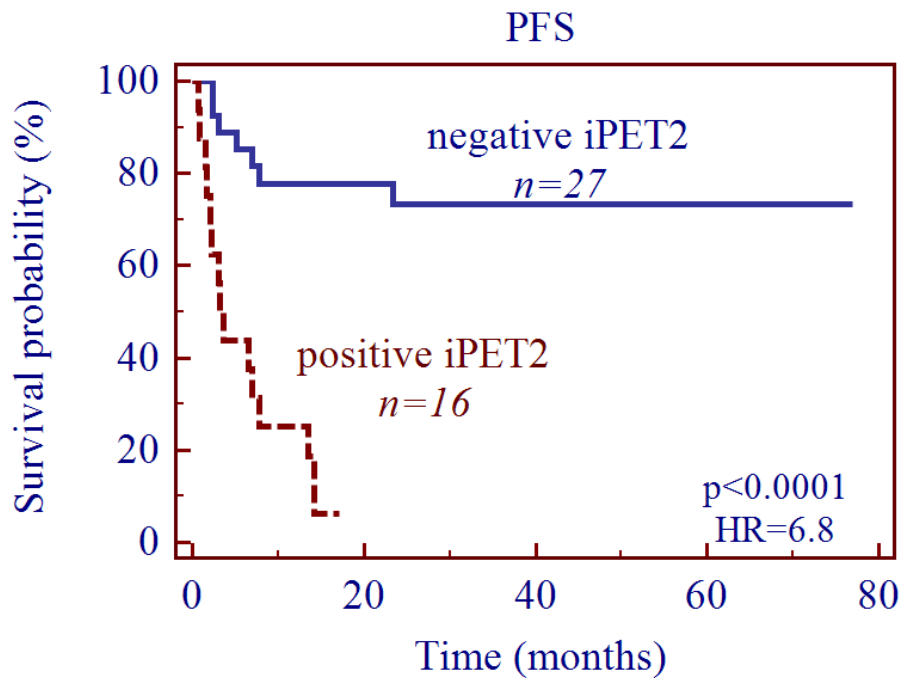


# Baseline MTV + PET Response in PTCL

- 142 pts with nodal PTCL + baseline PET-CT
- Treated with CHOP/CHOP-like
- Interim PET-CT
  - 43 after 2 cycles
  - 95 after 3 or 4 cycles
- EOT PET-CT 96 pts
- Response assess by D-5PS
- Median follow-up 43 months

# Interim PET 2

## n=43

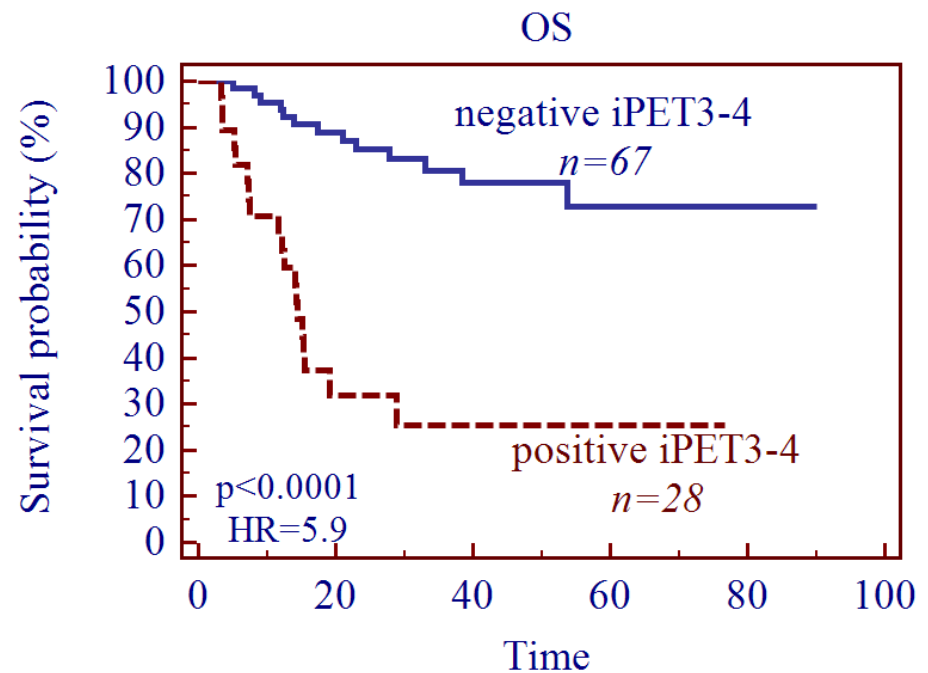
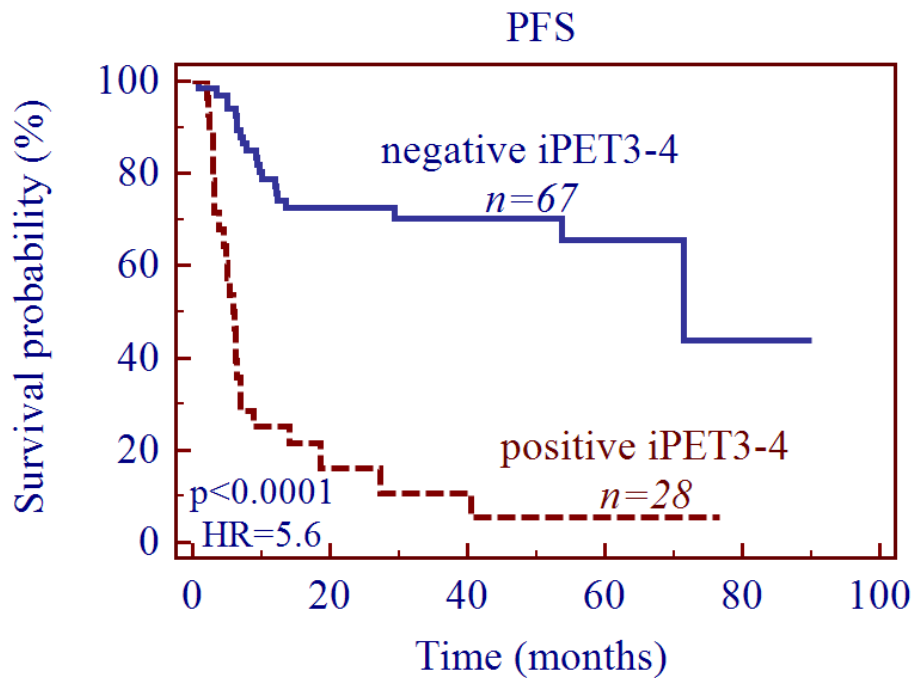


2y-PFS : 73% vs 6%

2y-OS : 83% vs 30%

# Interim PET 3-4

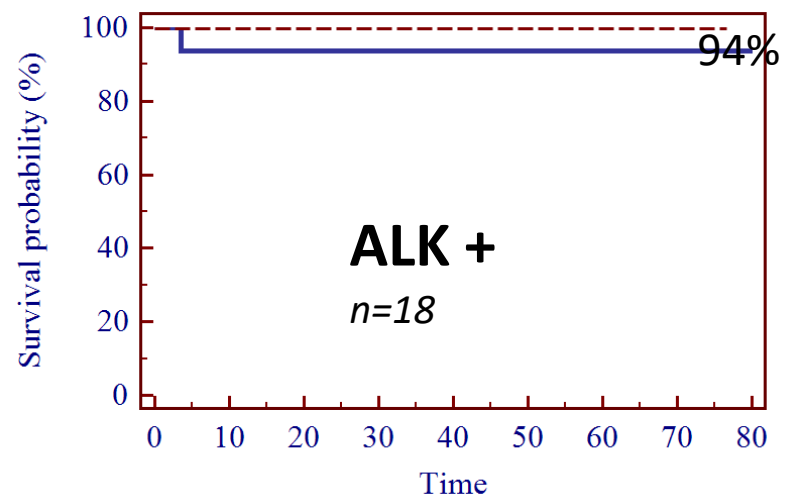
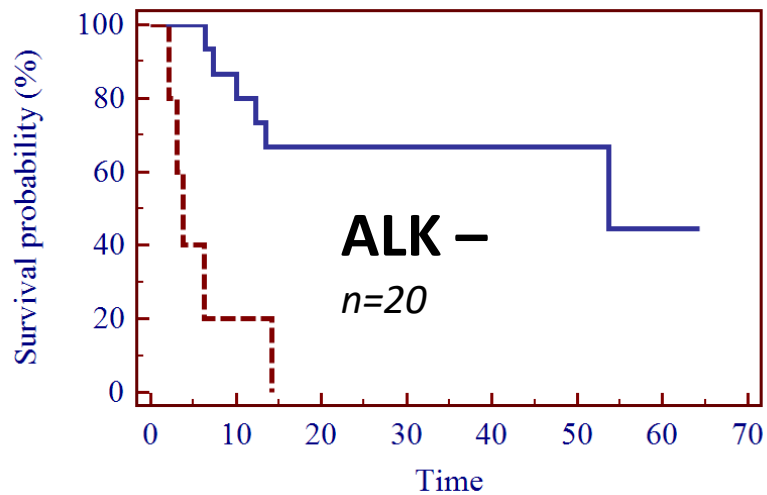
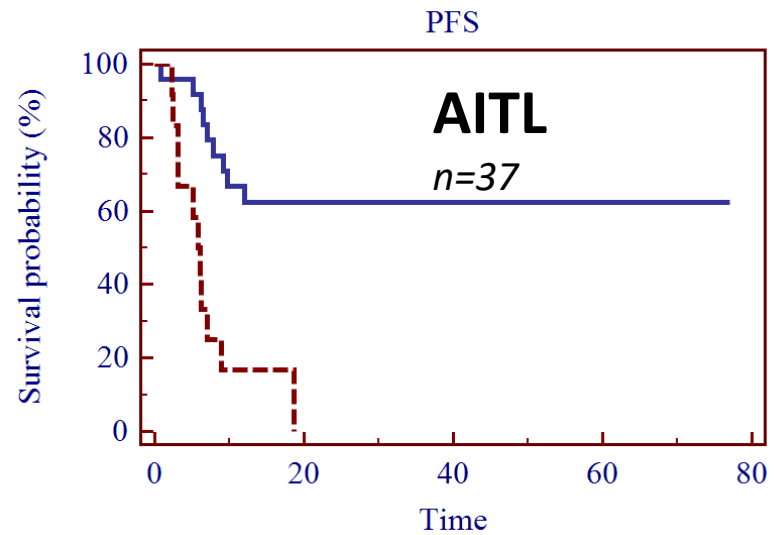
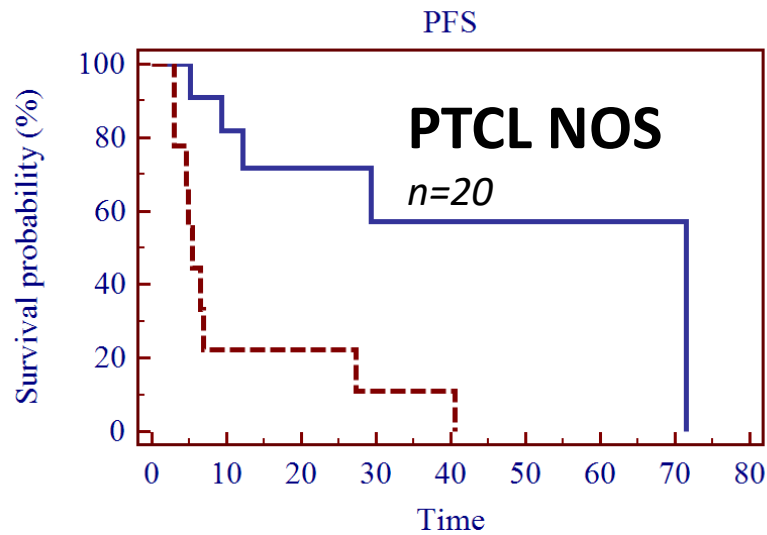
n=95 (41 after C3, 54 after C4)



2y-PFS : 72% vs 10%

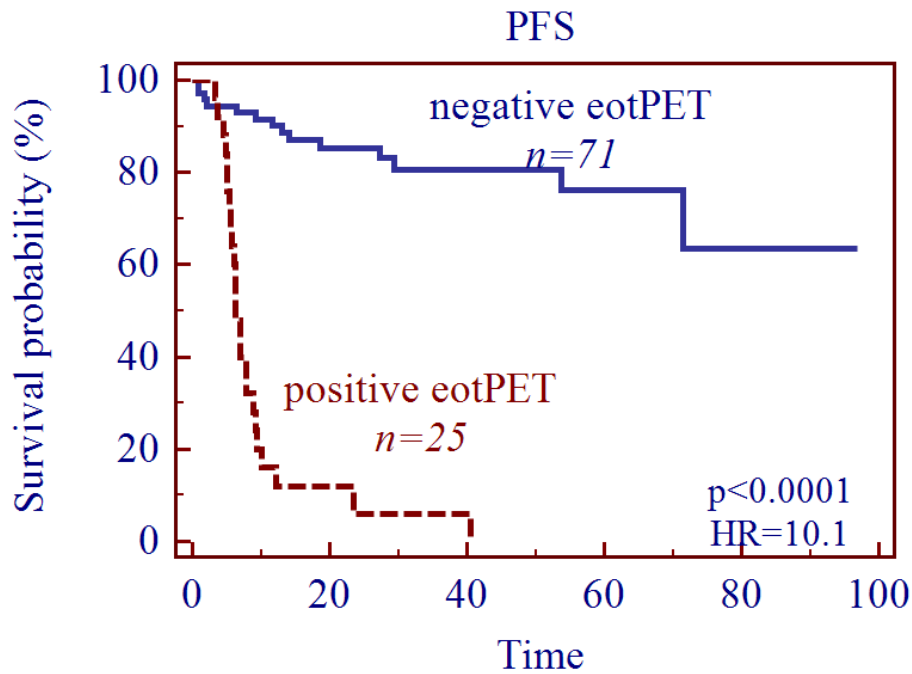
2y-OS : 85% vs 30%

# Interim PET prognostic value According to each histology subtypes

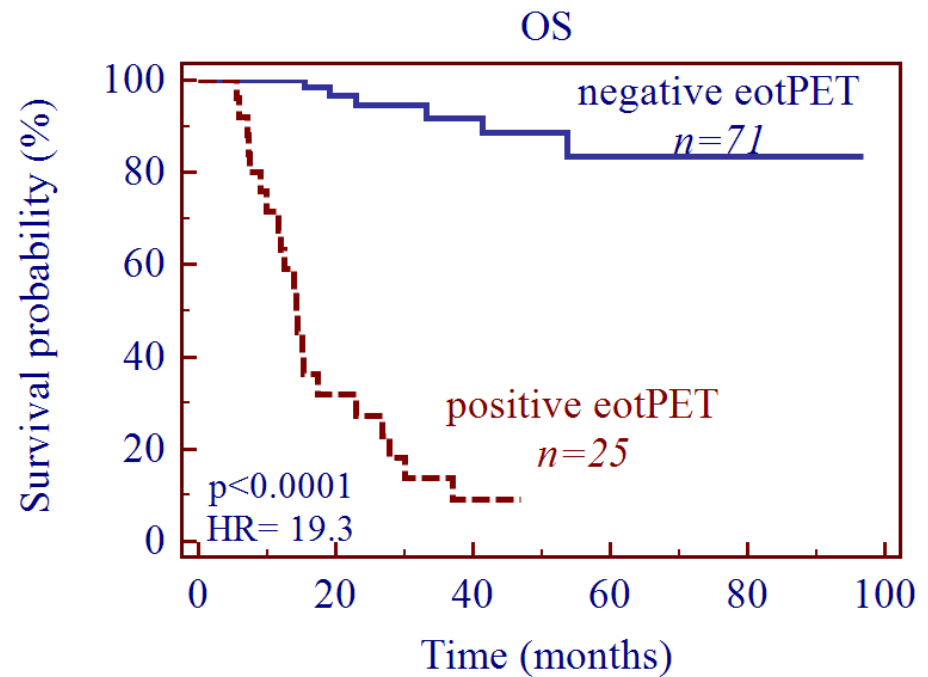


# End of Treatment PET

n=96



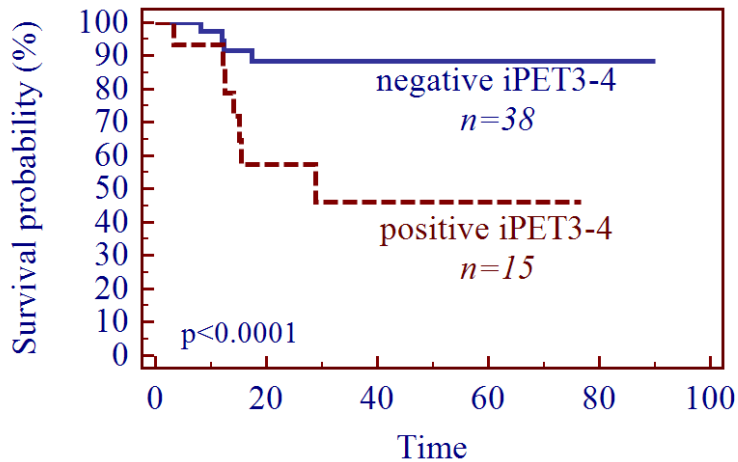
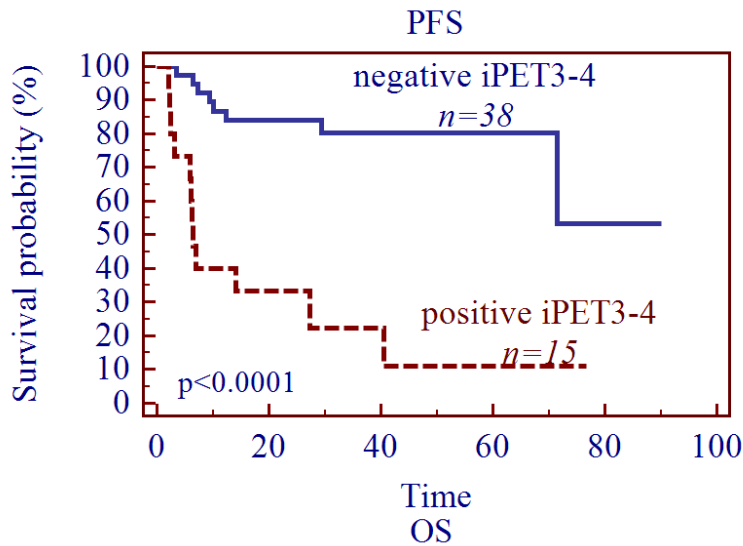
2yPFS : 83% vs 6%



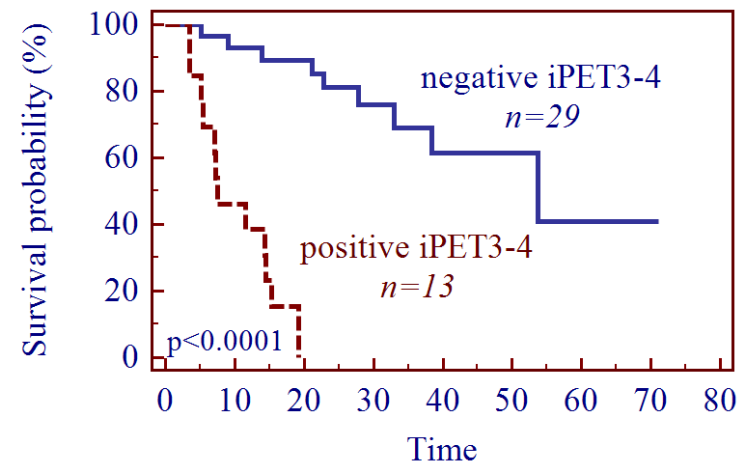
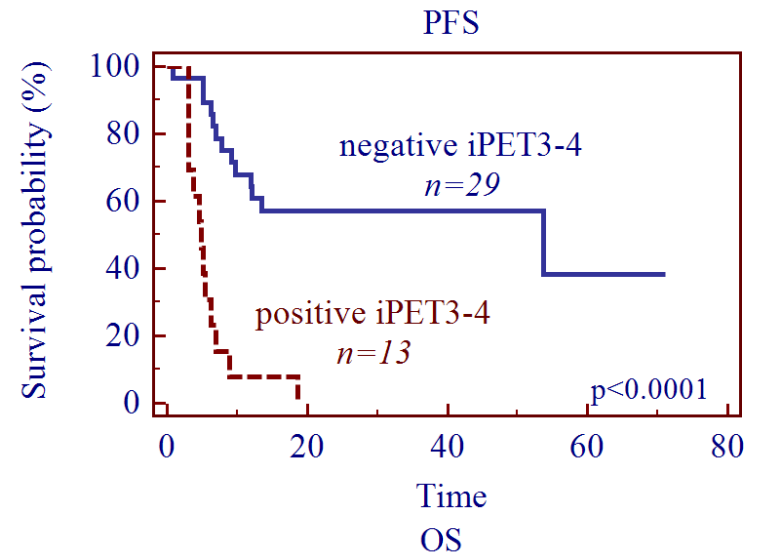
2yOS : 94% vs 27%

# PFS/OS according to IPI and interim PET

## Low IPI (0-1-2)

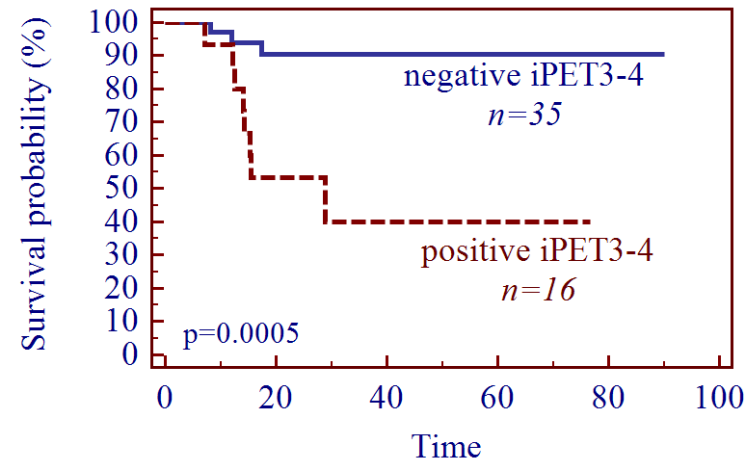
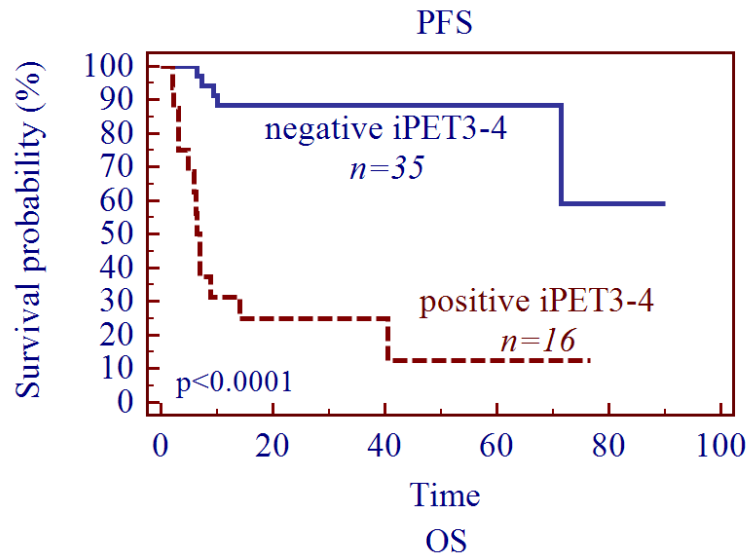


## High IPI (3-4-5)

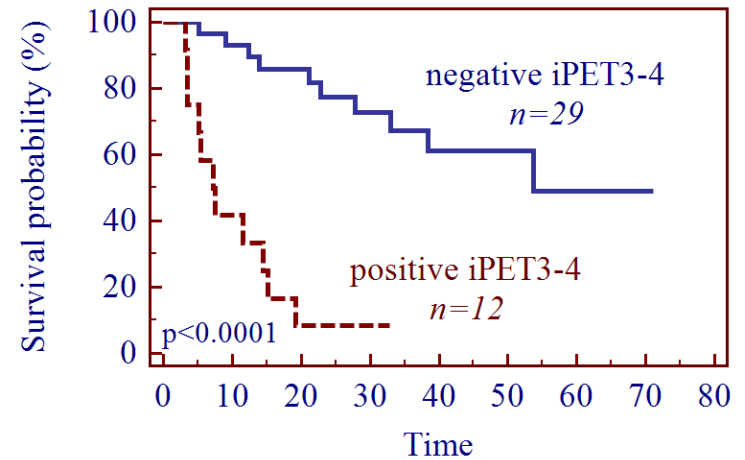
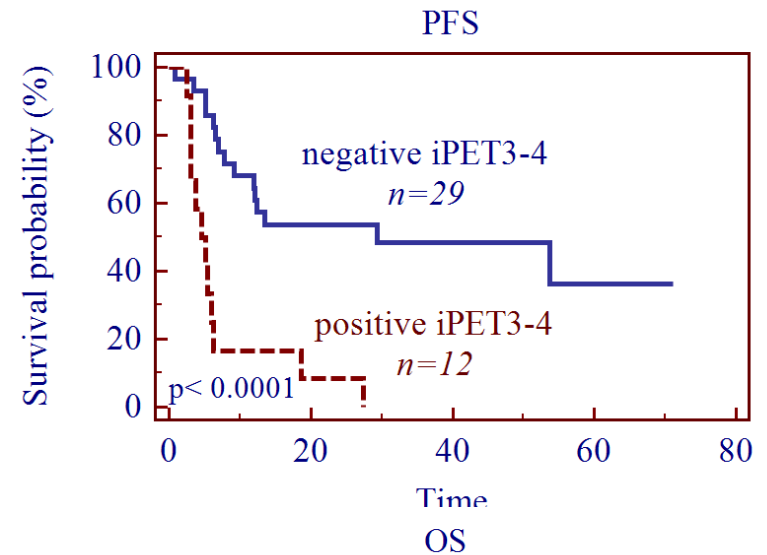


# PFS/OS according to PIT and interim PET

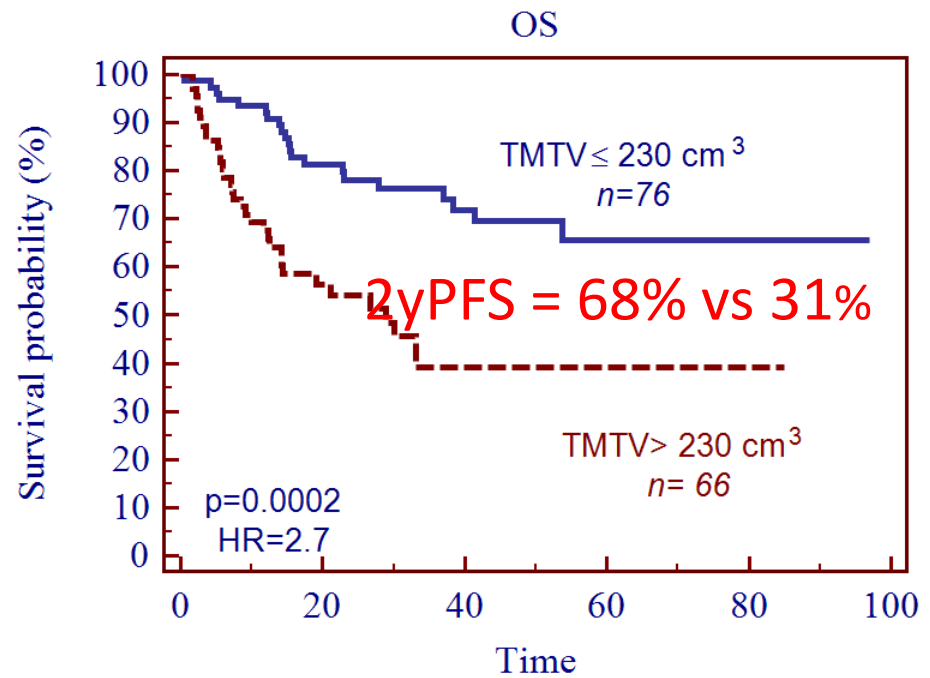
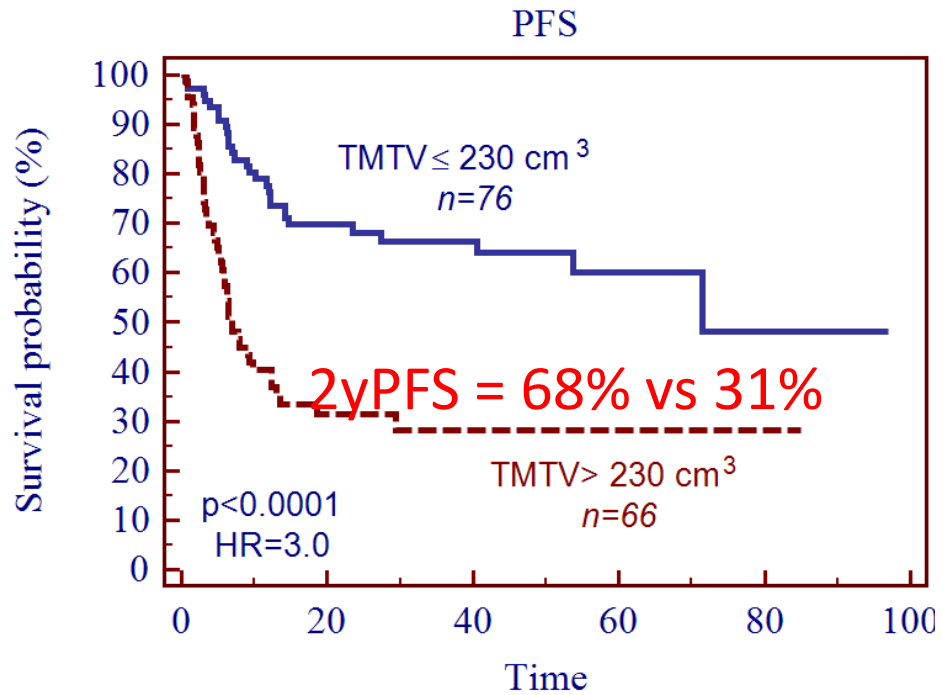
## Low PIT (0-1)



## High PIT (2-3-4)

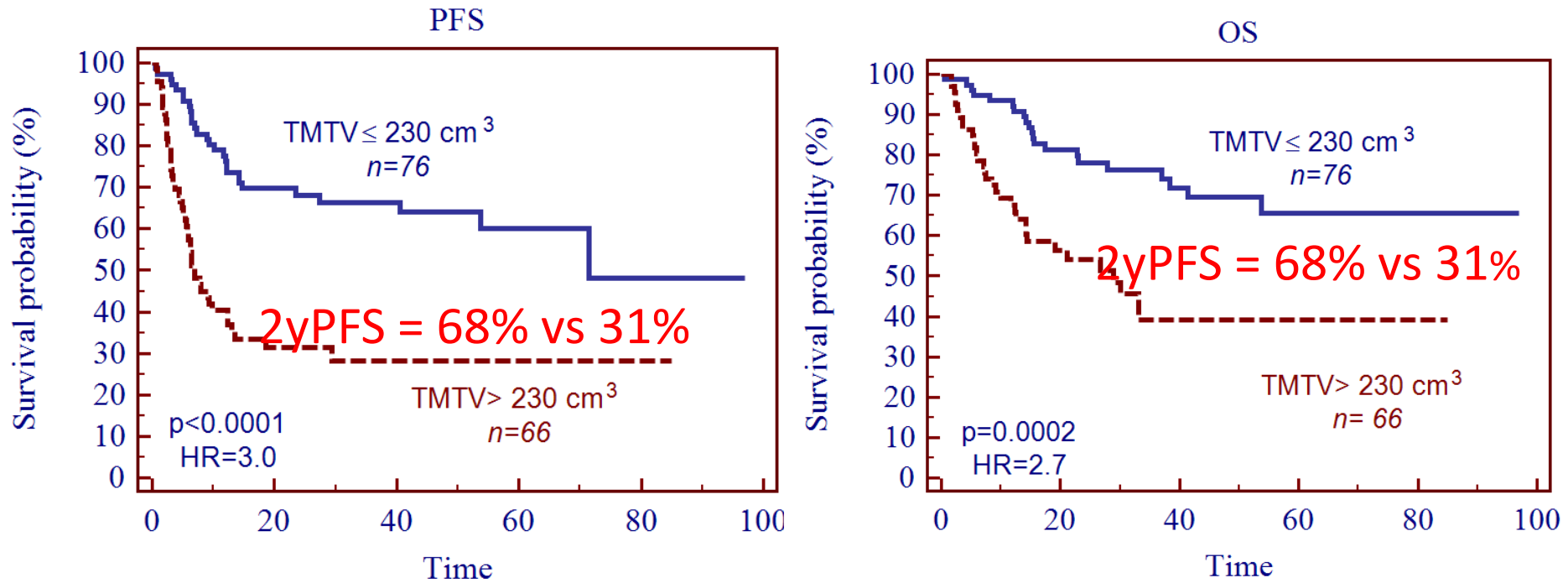


# Total metabolic tumor volume





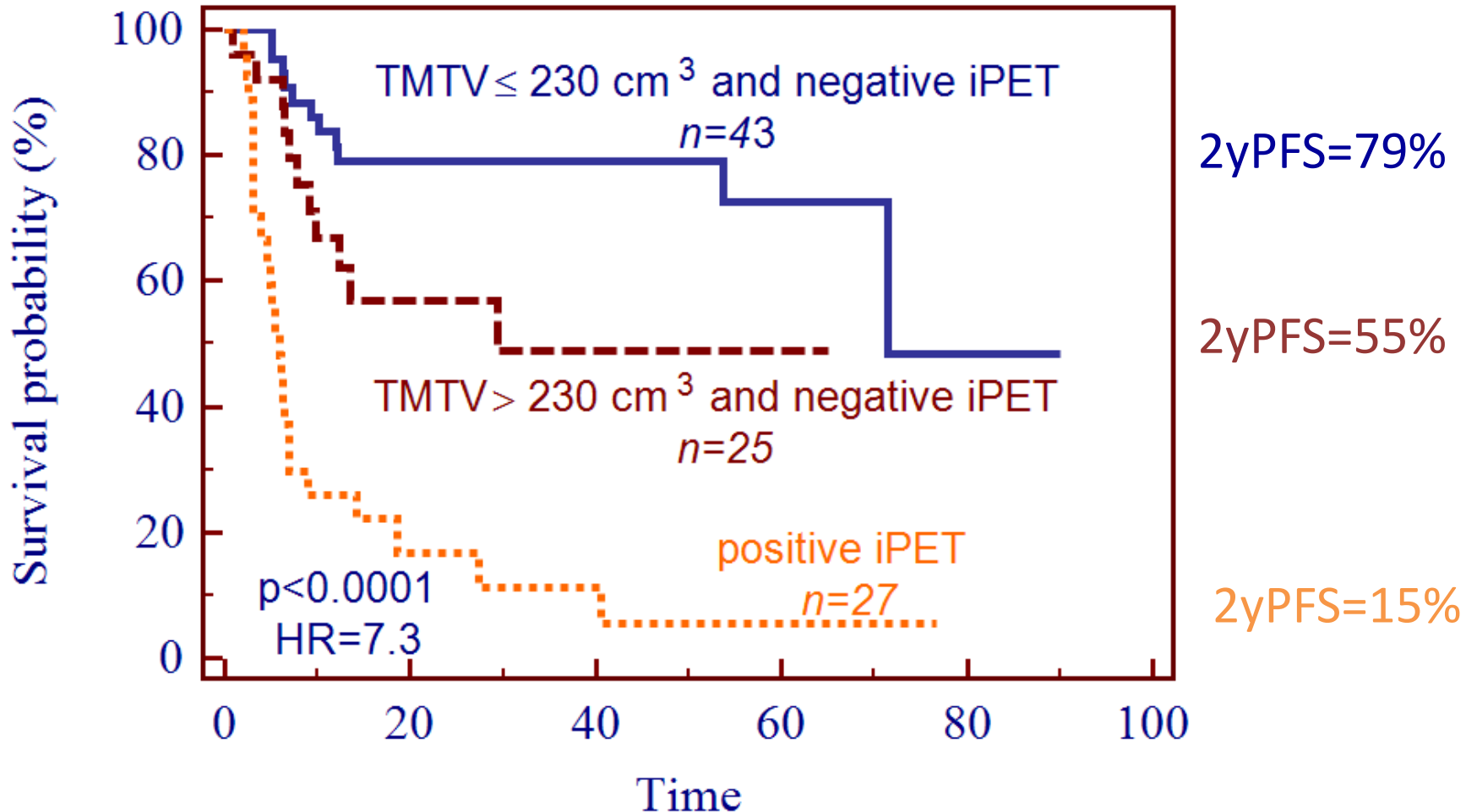
# Total metabolic tumor volume



	PFS			OS		
	HR	95% CI	p	HR	95% CI	p
TMTV	3.3	1,8-6,1	0,0001	1.9	0,9-3,8	0,07
iPET 3-4	6.7	3,6-12,3	<0,0001	6.1	2,9-12,6	<0,0001
TMTV	2.2	1,1-4,4	0,0197	1.7	0,8-3,6	0,1942
eotPET	15.2	7,0-33,0	<0,0001	23.9	8,9-64,3	<0,0001

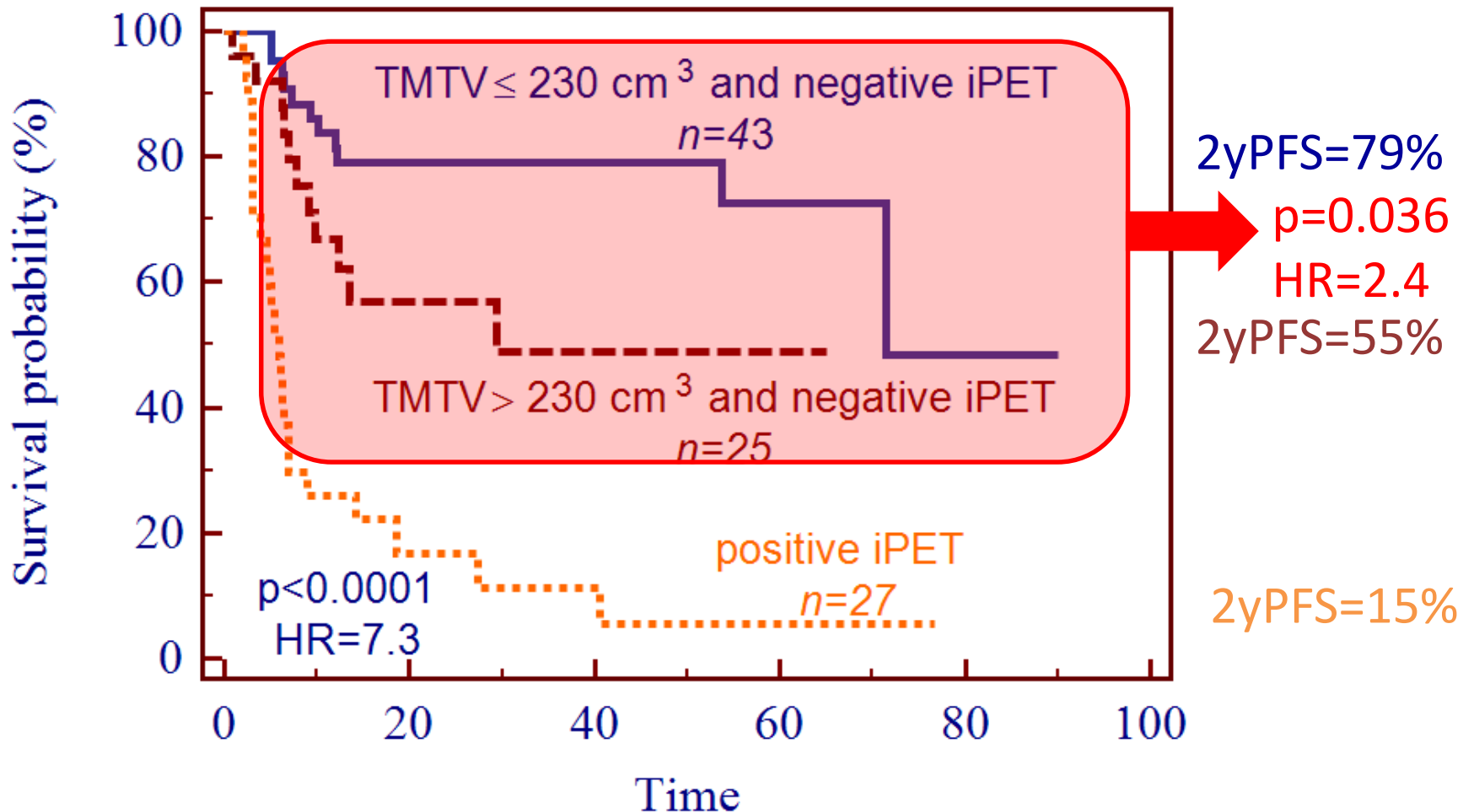
# TMTV and iPET3-4 response

PFS



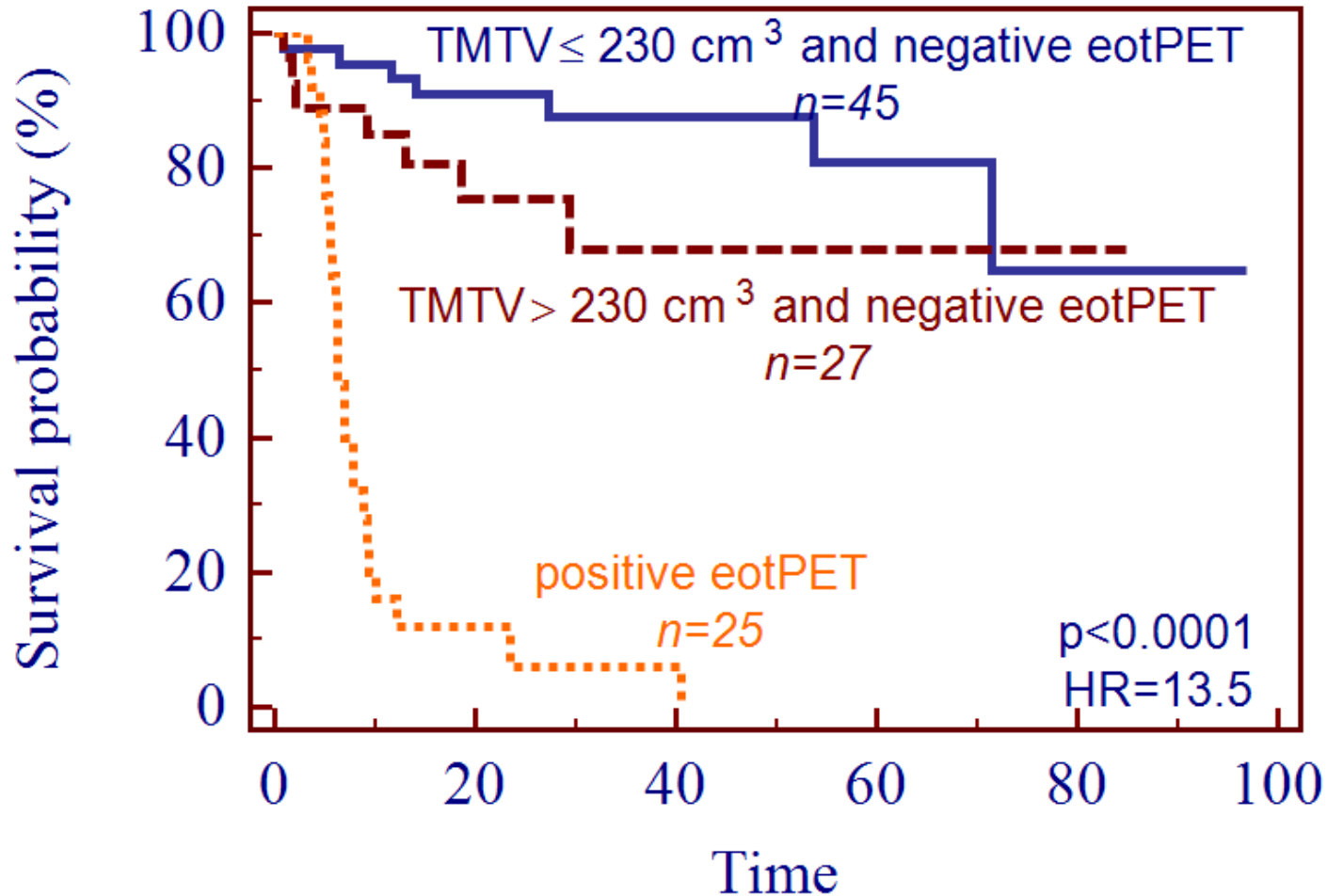
# TMTV and iPET3-4 response

PFS



# TMTV and eot PET

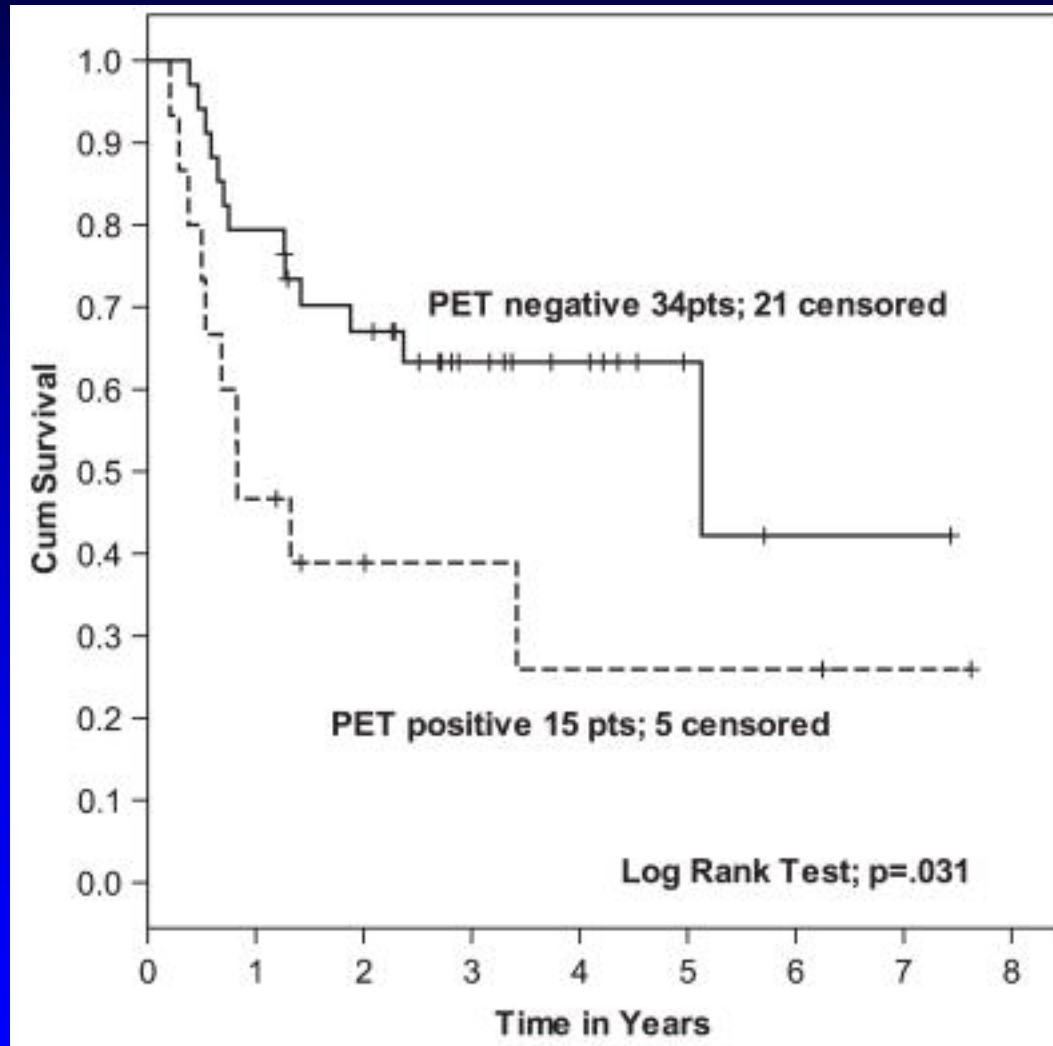
PFS



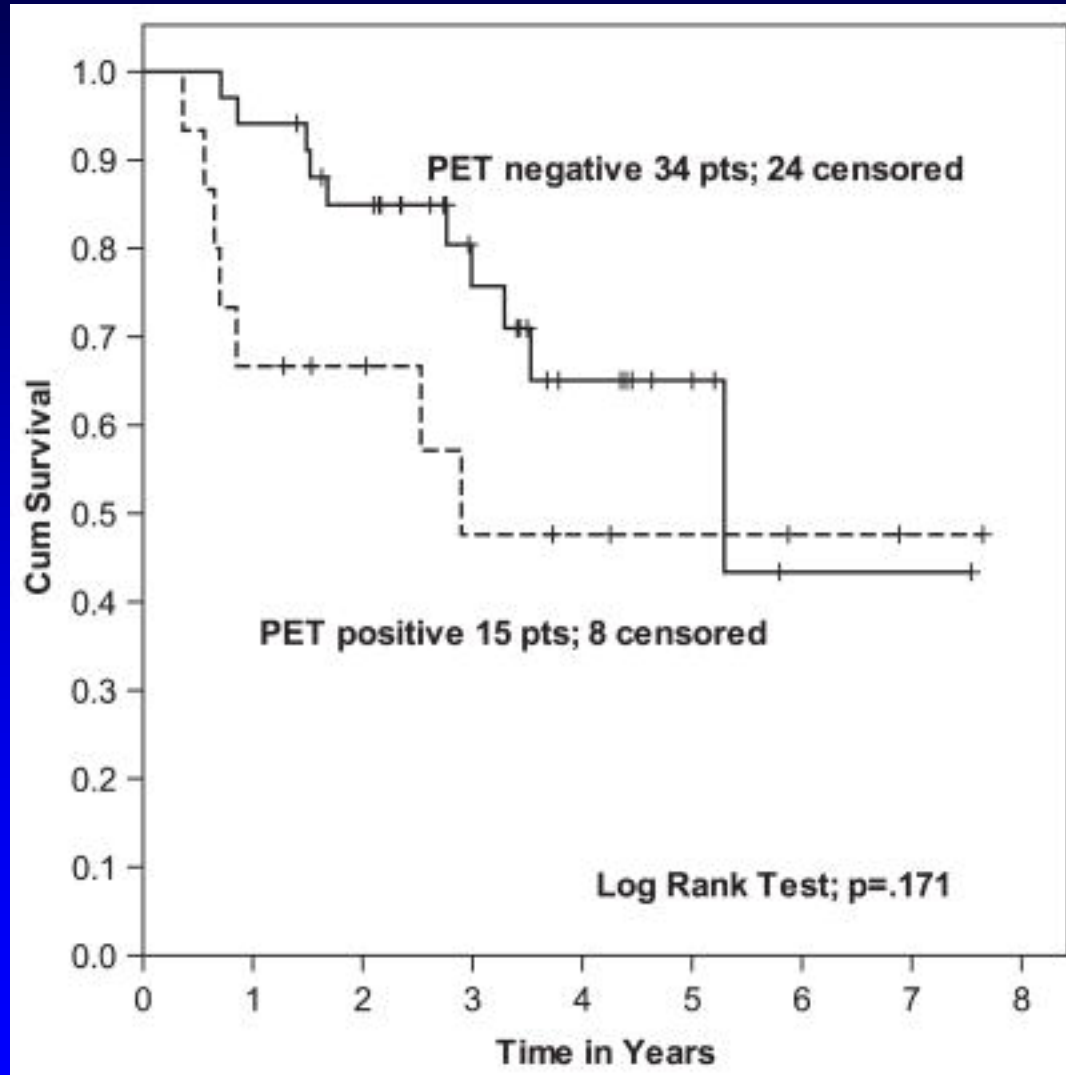
# Treatment Based on i-PET in PTCL

- Interim PET after median of 4 cycles – 5PS
- No difference in PFS if iPET  $<4$  or  $\geq 4$  cycles
- 29 pts consolidated with BMT or ASCT
- 8 of 15 pts with iPET+ remained alive following additional therapy
  - 3 alloBMT
  - 1 ABMT
  - 2 salvage chemo
- Only 2 iPET+ A&W without disease

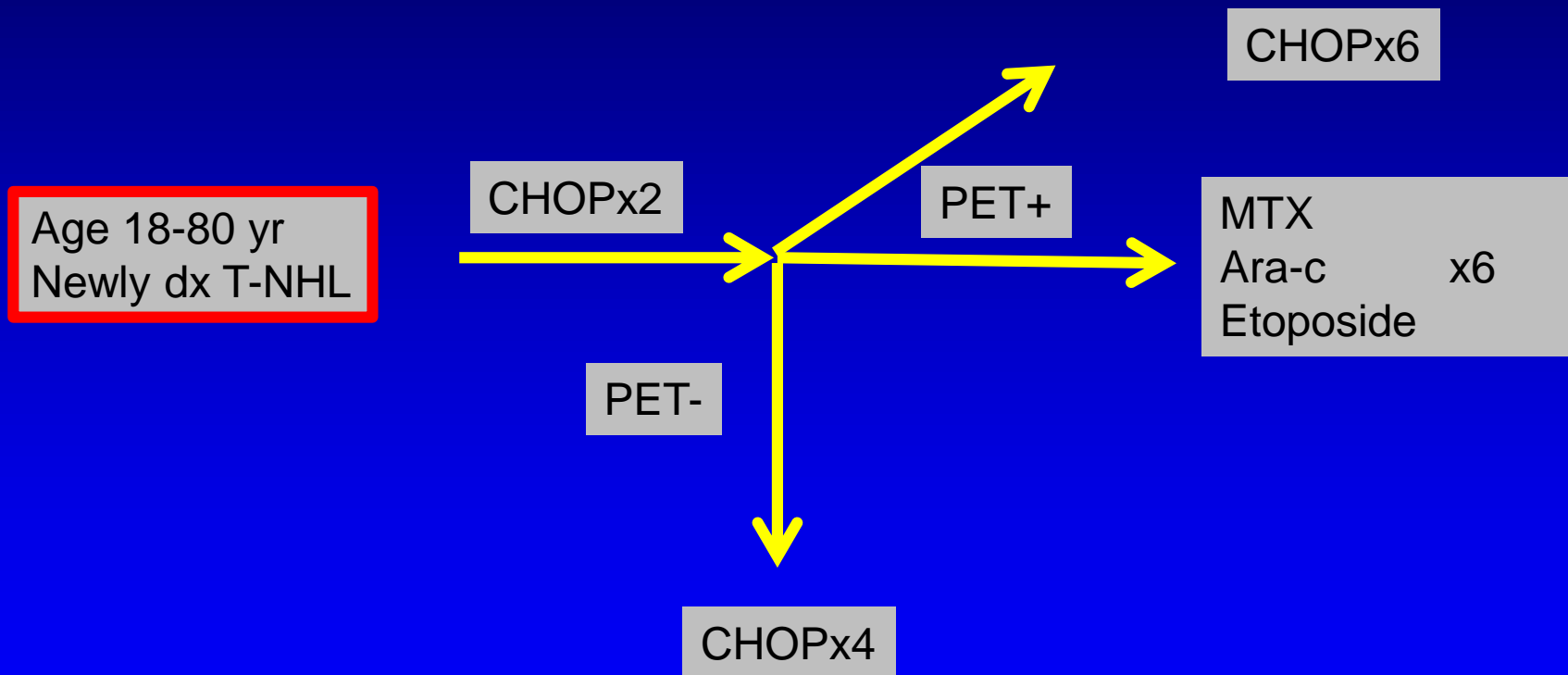
# Interim PET in PTCL:PFS



# Interim PET in PTCL:OS



# PETAL Study (PTCL) (n=76/862)

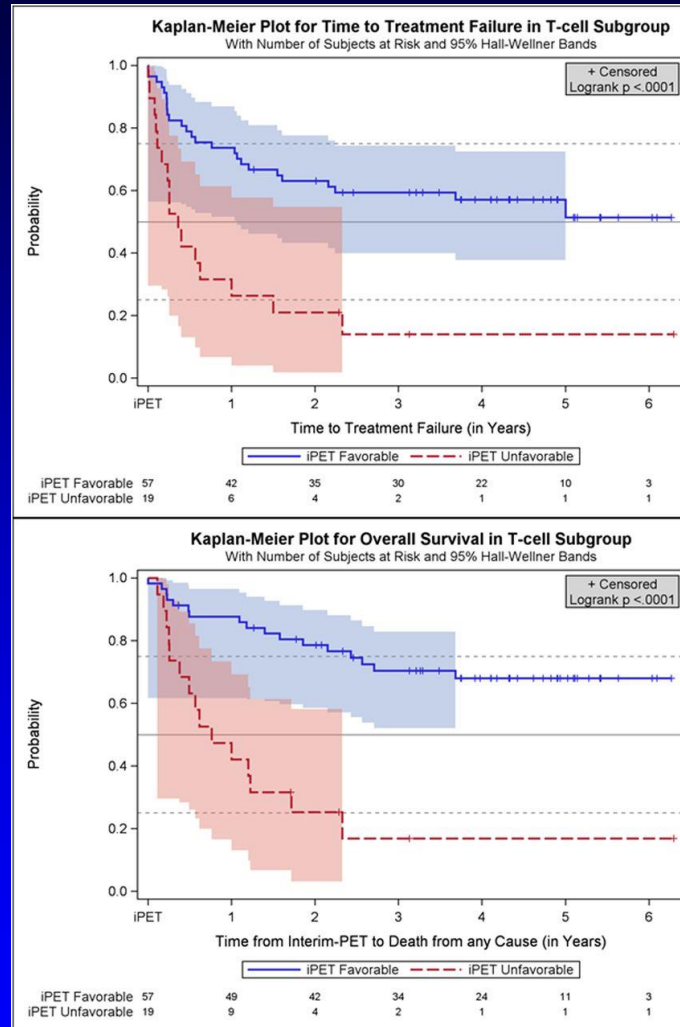




# PETAL Study

- Of 1072 newly diagnosed B- and T-cell registered, 862 PET+
- 76 (8.8%) PTCL: 21 ALK+ ALCL; 13 ALK-ALCL, 18 AITL, 20 NOS
- Interim PET before cycle 3
- Favorable: > 66% decrease in SUV
- iPET – negative in 57 (75%); + 19 (25%)

# PETAL Study Outcome



# PETAL Trial Results

- Change of treatment resulted in more gr 3-4
  - Neutropenia
  - Thrombocytopenia
  - Infections
  - Mucositis
- ***No benefit in TTTF or OS from changing to intensive therapy!!!***

# Conclusions: PET-To Be? (or Not)

- PET-CT improves accuracy of staging of PTCL as per Lugano Classification
- Change of stage/treatment infrequent
- End of treatment PET variably prognostic because of poor outcome
- Interim scan results variable
  - DS cut-off
  - PIT
  - MTV
  - Others

# Conclusions 2: PET-To Be? (or Not)

- No data to support altering treatment on basis of interim scan
- Better techniques in development to improve PET prediction
- *Better treatments required to improve patient outcome*